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smallpox is detected, this office asks your cooperation to the end that no new members of crews be employed who do not possess blue cards issued by this service. When any person applies for a position aboard your vessels, he should be required to show a quarantine service blue vaccination card. If he does not have one he should be sent to this office at once to be vaccinated before allowing him to go aboard. By giving us your assistance in this matter, commerce will be facilitated, your interests will be benefited, and the necessity for quarantining your vessels on account of unprotected members of the crew will be avoided.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER,
Passed Assistant Surgeon,
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.

During the week ended July 1, 1905, quarantinable diseases were reported for the city of Manila as follows: Smallpox, 1 case, no deaths; plague, 3 cases, 2 deaths.

At the port of Cebu during the same period no plague was reported.

During the week only one vessel cleared for the United States, the American steamer *Mississippi*, on July 1, 1905, for Boston and New York via Cebu. Vessel's living apartments and storerooms were fumigated. Final inspection of personnel will be made at Cebu.

WEST INDIES.

Report from Castries, St. Lucia Island—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Sanitary conditions good.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Fricks reports, July 29, as follows:

Week ended July 29, 1905. Bills of health issued, 3; vessel fumigated, 1. The steamship *Titian* from Rio de Janeiro bound to New Orleans with cargo of coffee, 43 crew and 2 passengers, fumigated with sulphur dioxide gas.

The sanitary condition of the port continues good.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

CHILE—*Antofagasta*.—Month of May, 1905. Estimated population, 23,000. Total number of deaths, 72, including smallpox 6, and 5 from tuberculosis.

Month of June, 1905. Total number of deaths, 133, including measles 2, scarlet fever 2, smallpox 32, and 14 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Roubaix*.—Month of July, 1905. Estimated population, 124,660. Total number of deaths, 166, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, scarlet fever 2, and 7 from whooping cough.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended July 22, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 13.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,609,377.

London.—One thousand one hundred and thirty-seven deaths were registered during the week, including measles 17, scarlet fever 6, diphtheria 6, whooping cough 13, enteric fever 7, and 83 from diarrhea.

The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 12.7 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,557 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 5 from diphtheria, 3 from measles, 5 from whooping cough, and 16 from diarrhea.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended July 22, 1905, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 18.2 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Queenstown, viz, 6.6, and the highest in Lisburn, viz, 36.4, per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 153 deaths were registered, including enteric fever 2, whooping cough 1, and 29 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended July 22, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 15.2 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,749,917. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 9.0, and the highest in Perth, viz, 19.8, per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 510, including diphtheria 3, measles 21, scarlet fever 1, and 12 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended July 20, 1905. Estimated population, 159,041. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

SPAIN—Barcelona.—Ten days ended July 31, 1905. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 397, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 10, measles 22, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 2, and 40 from tuberculosis.

WEST INDIES—St. Thomas.—Two weeks ended July 21, 1905. Census population, 12,019. Total number of deaths, 16, including 1 from tuberculosis.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, June 30 to August 18, 1905.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls through the Department of State, and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 30, 1904, to June 30, 1905, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 30, 1905.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

| Place. | Date. | Cases. | Deaths. | Remarks. |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| China: | | | | |
| Shanghai | June 1-30..... | 1 | | |
| India: | | | | |
| Bombay | June 13-July 11..... | | 13 | |
| Calcutta..... | May 27-July 8..... | | 21 | |
| Madras | June 3-July 8..... | | 15 | |
| Straits Settlements: | | | | |
| Wellesley | May 5 | 1 | | |
| Singapore | May 6 | 1 | | |